Researching the content of this book

Research for this book began in 2013 with the centenary of the outbreak of World War One in prospect. The initial source of information for those from Overton who died in World War One was the War Memorial in St Mary's Churchyard with the rank, initial and surname of each serviceman.



Similar information is available on a wooden board in Overton Memorial Institute



Investigation of the Hants and Berks Gazette archive (on microfilm at the Discovery Centre in Basingstoke) showed those who were serving by September 1914 in which regiment or ship in most cases.

ROLL OF HONOUR Hants & Berks Gazette, Aug/Sept 1914 combined

Men who have joined the Forces in the Basingstoke district:

OVERTON

BEFORE. - Royal Navy. - F. Ansell, R.M.; Alfred Benham, H.M.S. Birmingham; Alan Dale, H.M.S. Cochrane; William Dale, H.M.S. Invincible; Walter Glasspool, H.M.S. Venerable; Edwin Heighes, R.M.S. Britannia; Victor Powell, H.M.S. Impregnable; Albert Rye, H.M.S. Grafton; Ernest Selwood, H.M.S. Black Prince; George Smith, H.M.S. Vernon; Henry A. Stevens, H.M.S. St Vincent; H.A.F. Stickland, H.M.S. Colossus; William G. Wake, H.M.S. Audacious; George Wiltshire, H.M.S. Southampton; Frank Winterbourne, R.M.; Ernest Alfred Harris, Royal Navy Depot, Williamstown, Australia.

BEFORE. – Army. - W. Benham, 2nd Hants Regt.; Percy H. Crosswell, R.H.A.; Harold John Crosswell, 16th Lancers; Arthur Harris, Duke of Connaught's Light Infantry; Cecil M. James, R.A.; Herbert J. Marks, 1st Hants Regt.; Edward Phillimore, 1st Hants Regt.; Charles Roberts, R. Veterinary Corps; Leonard Roberts, R.G.A.; Gilbert E. Smith, 1st Hants Regt.; Henry T. Smith, 4th Rifle Brigade; R.F.W. Stickland, 1st Leicestershire Regt.; John Watts, 1st Hants Regt.; Frederick Charles Harris, 2nd Hants Regt.

SINCE. – Reservists. – J.T. Barrett, 14th Hussars; George Glasspool, R.G.A.; Thomas E. James, R.A.; William Matthews, 1st Hants; A.S. Norman (,); Enos Oram, R.A.M.C.; John Osmond, R.F.A.; William Phillimore, 2nd Hants; Samuel Reed, 1st Dorsets; W.R. Roberts, R.F.A.; Arthur E. Tite, Army Ordnance; Reginald Wake, R.G.A.; Albert Watts, 1st Dorsets; Cecil Winterbourne, R.F.A.

SINCE. – Territorials. – A. Burgess, G. Cousins, H. Garrett, Ernest Lambden, Frank Prince, Percy Smith, Herbert Roberts.

Further information was gathered on regiment or ship from a Roll of Honour of men from Overton serving in September 1916. This records men discharged, prisoners of war and those killed.



Postcards of the Overton War Shrine unveiled in May 1917 to honour all who were serving revealed more names of those in the armed forces at that time.





A search of the Hants and Berks Gazette from 1914 to 1923 revealed numerous reports of military service, visits home, injury and death that help tell the stories of the men from Overton who died, and how they would be remembered, including on the memorial in St Mary's Churchyard and through the building of the Overton Memorial Institute.

Further sources of information have been used to identify service men, and to find out more about where they served and their lives before the War. Additional materials have become available on-line since research for this book began in 2013 and this will probably continue. This book can therefore never be considered complete. To date, on-line sources include census records, the Commonwealth War Grave Commission website with its Cemetery and Memorial Records and Headstone Inscriptions Medal Cards, records of Soldiers' Effects and who they were to be sent to, Regimental War Diaries and accounts of losses of Naval vessels. Information has been collated in this book for each WW1 serviceman with a known connection to Overton, beginning with his Commonwealth War Graves Commission Certificate.

Memorials in Overton

As soon as the war was over, a committee was formed in Overton with two purposes. The first was to erect a fitting memorial to the fallen which generated 'a sharp difference of opinion' between those who wanted a stone cross and those who wanted a lych gate. In the end Col. Bertram Portal, chairman of the fund-raising committee, put the matter to a referendum of parishioners and the result was conclusively in favour of a cross. It was dedicated on November 2nd 1919.



The second object was to rebuild the Reading Room, otherwise known as Overton Working Men's Club, which had been established in 1871 on the west side of Winchester Street where the Red Fort restaurant stands now. However, the war memorial had cost £258 leaving only £300 available for the new rooms which was wholly inadequate. Two years went by with little progress until William Portal, Bertram's nephew, took the initiative. He offered the site at the bottom of Overton Hill at a nominal rent, organised more fundraising events and underwrote the shortfall with family donations. He also added a large hall to the original plans. The total cost was £2,000. Although described as having 'no pretensions to architectural beauty' it was fitted with electric light.

On 22nd December 1923 the Overton Memorial Institute was finally opened at a gala event. William Portal dedicated the hall to his old friend and agent, Mr G.L. Bush, who had recently died. George Bush had also been chairman of the Parish Council and an active supporter of the Reading Room and many village clubs. Amongst the speakers was the Rector, the Revd. Carpenter Turner, who lost a son in the war. He proposed that 'a tablet with the names of Overton men who had made the great sacrifice should be placed in one of the rooms.' The 'tablet' took the form of the wooden board on display at the 'Stute, to which the names of those who died in WW2 were added later.



Overton Memorial Institute photographed on V.E. Day 2005

There are also three headstones in St Mary's Churchyard and a plaque in St Mary's Church. These are illustrated in the sections of this book for each of the individual service men.